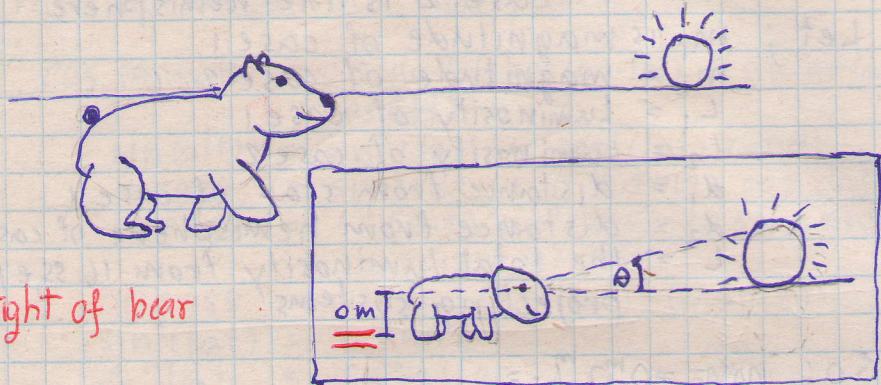
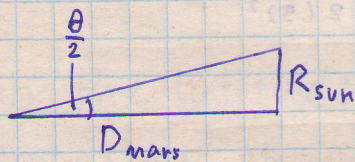


3. Sunrise on Mars

Let θ = angular size of sun at Mars.



Note to the height of bear



R_{sun} = the radius of Sun
= 6.96×10^5 km

D_{mars} = the distance from sun to Mars
= 227.9×10^6 km

$$\tan\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) = \frac{R_{sun}}{D_{mars}}$$

$$\tan\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) = \frac{6.96 \times 10^5}{227.9 \times 10^6}$$

$$\theta = 21'$$

Let

EC = Ecliptic

CE = celestial Equator

i = Axial tilt

NCP = North celestial Pole